1	Senate Bill No. 292
2	(By Senator Carmichael)
3	
4	[Introduced January 8, 2014; referred to the Committee on Labor;
5	and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.]
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$21\mathchar`-5\mbox{A-5}$ of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended, relating to establishing prevailing hourly
12	rates are to be used in connection with the construction of
13	public improvements; and providing for review and appeal.
14	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
15	That §21-5A-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
16	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
17	ARTICLE 5A. WAGES FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.
18	§21-5A-5. Prevailing wages established at regular intervals; how
19	determined; filing; objections to determination;
20	hearing; final determination; judicial review.
21	<del>(1)</del> <u>(a)</u> The <del>department</del> <u>Commissioner</u> of Labor, from time to
22	time, shall investigate and determine the prevailing hourly rate of
23	wages in the localities in this state. Determinations thereof

1 shall be made annually on January 1 of each year and shall remain 2 in effect during the successive year: Provided, however, That such 3 the rates shall may not remain in effect for a period longer than 4 fifteen months from the date they are published.

5 In determining such prevailing rates, the department of labor 6 may ascertain and consider the applicable wage rates established by 7 collective bargaining agreements, if any, and such rates as are 8 paid generally within the locality in this state where the 9 construction of the public improvement is to be performed. The 10 Commissioner of Labor shall base the determination of prevailing 11 rates on statistics made available by the United States Division of 12 Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

13 (2) (b) A copy of the determination, so made certified by the 14 secretary of the board <u>Commissioner of Labor</u>, shall be filed 15 immediately with the Secretary of State. and with the department 16 of labor Copies shall be supplied to all persons requesting same 17 <u>them</u> within ten days after such <u>the</u> filing.

18 (3) (c) At any time within fifteen days after the certified 19 copies of the determination have been filed with the Secretary of 20 State, and the department of labor any person who may be affected 21 thereby may object in writing to the determination or such part 22 thereof as he deems or she finds objectionable by filing a written 23 notice with the department of labor county commission of the county 24 where the construction is to be performed stating the specific

1 grounds of the objection.

2 (4) (d) Within ten days of the receipt of the objection, the 3 department of labor county commission shall set a date for a 4 hearing on the objection. The date for the hearing shall be within 5 thirty days after the receipt of the objection. Written notice of 6 the time and place of the hearing shall be given to the objectors 7 at least ten days prior to the date set for the hearing and at a 8 time so as to enable the objectors to be present.

9 (5) (e) The department of labor <u>county commission</u> at its 10 discretion may hear <del>such</del> <u>the</u> written objection separately or 11 consolidate for hearing any two or more written objections. At the 12 hearing the <u>department Commissioner</u> of Labor shall introduce into 13 evidence the results of the investigation <u>it</u> <u>he or she</u> instituted 14 and <u>such</u> <u>the</u> other facts which were considered at the time of the 15 original determination of the fair minimum prevailing hourly rate 16 including the sources which formed the basis for <u>its</u> <u>his or her</u> 17 determination. The <u>department</u> <u>Commissioner</u> of Labor or any 18 objectors thereafter may introduce <u>such further</u> <u>other</u> evidence as 19 may be material to the issues.

20 (6) (f) Within ten days of the conclusion of the hearing, the
21 department must county commission shall rule on the written
22 objections and make such <u>a</u> final determination <del>as shall be</del>
23 established that is supported by a preponderance of the evidence.
24 Immediately upon such the final determination, the department of

1 labor county commission shall file a certified copy of its final 2 determination with the Secretary of State and with the department 3 <u>Commissioner</u> of Labor and shall serve a copy of the final 4 determination on all <u>other</u> parties to the proceedings by personal 5 service or by registered or certified mail.

6 (7) (g) Any person affected by the final determination of the 7 department of labor county commission, whether or not such the 8 person participated in the proceedings resulting in such the final 9 determination, may appeal to the board from the final determination 10 of the department of labor within ten days from the filing of the 11 copy of the final determination with the Secretary of State. The 12 board shall hear the appeal within twenty days from the receipt of 13 notice of appeal. The hearing by the board shall be held in 14 Charleston. The hearing by the board shall be upon the record 15 compiled in the hearing before the department of labor and the 16 board shall have the authority to affirm, reverse, amend, or remand 17 for further evidence, the final determination of the department of 18 labor. The board shall render its decision within ten days after 19 the conclusion of its hearing.

20 (8) Any party to the proceeding before the board or any person 21 affected thereby may within thirty days after receipt of the notice 22 of it's the decision, appeal the board's decision to the circuit 23 court of the county wherever the construction of a public 24 improvement is to be performed, which shall consider the case on

1 the record made before the commissioner of labor and before the 2 board county commission. The decision of such the circuit court 3 may be appealed to the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia by 4 any party to the proceedings or by any person affected thereby in 5 the manner provided by law for appeals in civil actions.

6 (9) (h) Pending the decision on appeal, the rates for the 7 preceding year shall remain in effect.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require that prevailing hourly rates be used in connection with the construction of public improvements. The bill provides that the Commissioner of Labor to base the determination of prevailing rates on statistics made available by the United States Division of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The bill provides a county commission with the authority to review the determination. The bill also provides for appeals to the circuit court and the Supreme Court of Appeals.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.